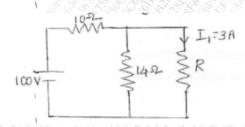
Paper / Subject Code: 58603 / Basic Electrical Engineering.

F.E. SEM - I / CHOICE BASE / MAY 2019 / 22.05.2019

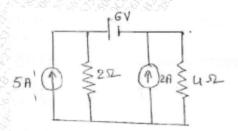
(3 Hours)

Total Marks: 80

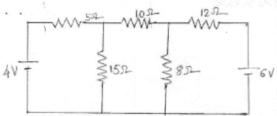
- N. B.1) Question No. 1 is compulsory.
 - 2) Answer any 3 questions from the remaining 5 questions.
 - 3) Assume suitable data wherever necessary.
- Q1 Attempt any *five* of the following
 - (a) Explain the working principle of Single Phase Transformer.
 - (b) Derive the formula to convert a Star circuit into equivalent Delta.
 - (c) Explain the principle of operation of DC motor.
 - (d) What is the necessary condition for resonance in series circuit? Derive the expression for resonance frequency.
 - (e) Find the value of R in the following circuit.



(f) Find the current through 4Ω resistor by source transformation in the following circuit;



Q2 a) Determine the current through 8Ω resistor in the following Network by superposition theorem;



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- (b) An Inductive coil having inductance of 0.04H and resistance 25Ω has been connected in series with another inductive coil of inductance 0.2H and resistance 15Ω . The whole circuit is powered with 230V, 50Hz mains. Calculate the power dissipation in each coil and total power factor.
- (c) What are the losses in transformer? Explain why the ratings of transformer in KVA not in KW
- Q3 (a) With necessary diagrams prove that three phase power can be measured by only two wattmeters. Also prove that reactive power canbe measured from the wattmeter reading.
 - (b) An alternating voltage is represented by $v(t)=141.4 \sin(377t) \text{ V}$, Derive the RMS value of the voltage.

Find

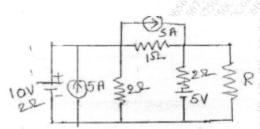
- i) Instantaneous voltage value at t=3ms
- ii) The time taken for voltage to reach 70.7 V for first time.
- Q4 (a) State and prove Maximum power transfer Theorem.
 - (b) A 5KVA 1000/200V, 50 Hz Single phase transformer gave the following test result

OC TEST(hv side): 1000V 0.24A 90 W SC TEST(hv side) : 50V 5 A 110 W

Calculate

- i. Equivalent circuit for transformer with circuit constant
- ii. Regulation at full load at 0.8 lagging
- iii. kVA load for maximum efficiency.
- Q5 (a) Three similar coils each having a resistance of 10Ω and inductance 0.04 H are connected in star across 3-phase 50Haz, 200V supply. Calculate the line current, total power absorbed, reactive colt amperes and total volt amperes.

(b) In the following circuit find R for maximum power delivered to it. Also find maximum power delivered P_{max} .



(c) Two impedances $12+j16\Omega$ and $10-j20\Omega$ are connected in parallel across 230V,50Hz Single phase ac supply. Find kW, kVA and kVAR and Power factor.

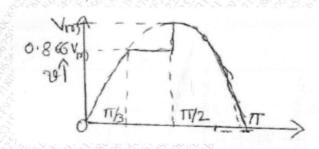
(a) Draw and Explain the phasor diagram for the practical transformer

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connected to lagging power factor.
(b) Find i) average value ii) rms value.

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c) State and Explain Thevenin's theorem and Norton's theorem

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Q6